Year Six STEM Sentences

| Number and Place Value [NPV] | Number Facts [NF] | Addition and Subtraction [AS] | Multiplication and Division [MD] | Fractions [F] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Geometry } \\ {[G]} \end{gathered}$ | Measurement [M] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I know that $\qquad$ is larger/smaller/equal to $\qquad$ because $\qquad$ | There are $\qquad$ tenths/hundredths/ thousandths in this number. | When there are no brackets, division is completed before a ddition | If $\qquad$ \% of my number is $\qquad$ then I need to multiply it by $\qquad$ to find the full amount. | I know that $\qquad$ fifths are equivalent to $\qquad$ \% because I know $\qquad$ | A $\qquad$ is a parallelogram because $\qquad$ - | To find the a rea of a rectangle, multiply the length by the width <br> To find the area of a |
| $\qquad$ tenths have the same value as $\qquad$ hundredths. | The value of the digit $\qquad$ each time it moves to the left/right. | and subtraction. <br> The mean is the size of each part when a quantity | When a number is multiplied by $\qquad$ the digits move $\qquad$ places to the $\qquad$ | In order to convert a percentage to a fraction I must first convert it to a fraction with a denominator of $\qquad$ | A parallelogram is a quadrilateral with opposite sides that are parallel and equal in length. | parallelogram multiply the base by the perpendicular height. |
| I need $\qquad$ 0.1 s to exchange for a whole one. | To find $50 \%$ of a number, halve it. | is shared equally. <br> The meanis the total of the | I know that 3 ones dividedby 3 is $\qquad$ ones (see images). | When a whole is divided into a hundred equal parts, each part | If the scale factor is greater than one, the shape is | To find the area of a triangle multiply the base by the perpendicular height and then divide by two. |
| I know that $\qquad$ is bigger than $\qquad$ because $\qquad$ | To find $10 \%$ of a number, divide it by 10 . | numbers divided by how manynumbers there are. | I know that if I divide $\qquad$ by $\qquad$ there will be $\qquad$ whole ones and $\qquad$ left over. | is one hundredth of the whole. <br> When a number is divided by $\qquad$ the digits move $\qquad$ | made larger. We can say the shape is enlarged. | The length of one of the sides of square is $\qquad$ $\qquad$ times |
| I estimate that the answer will be larger than $\qquad$ because $\qquad$ . | To find $1 \%$ of a number, divide it by one hundred. $\qquad$ is between $\qquad$ and | The most efficient way to add these numbers is by $\qquad$ because $\qquad$ | When a number is multiplied by one thousand, the digits move three places to the left. | places to the $\qquad$ <br> When multiplying unit fractions, multiply the denominators. | If the scale factor is equal to one, the shape is the same size. | the length of one of the sides gives us the perimeter. <br> The ratio of the dimensions of shape $\qquad$ to the dimensions |
| We can partition this number into $\qquad$ , and $\qquad$ | The previous multiple of one million is $\qquad$ . | The calculation tells me I need to add/subtract the numbers. | When a number is divided by one thousand, the digits move three places to the right. | To multiply fractions, we can multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators. | If the scale factor is less than one, the shape is made smaller. We can say the shape is reduced. | of shape $\qquad$ is equal to $\qquad$ - to - $\qquad$ <br> There are $\qquad$ centimetres in |
| I know that $\qquad$ (decimal) is more/less/equal to $\qquad$ (fraction) because $\qquad$ | The next multiple of one million is - $\qquad$ | If the column totalis equal to ten or more we must regroup. | If one factor is made ten times the size, the product will be ten times the size. | $\qquad$ is equivalent to $\qquad$ <br> I can convert a fraction to a | When we move a shape sideways, up or down, we call it translation. | $\qquad$ metres. <br> There are $\qquad$ grams in $\qquad$ kilograms. |
| One million is one thousand thousands. | $\qquad$ is $\qquad$ when rounded to the nearest million. | $\qquad$ million plus $\qquad$ million is equal to $\qquad$ | If I double/halve one factor, I must double/halve the product. | decimal by $\qquad$ <br> In order to convert a | I know that angles in a | There are $\qquad$ millilitres in $\qquad$ litres. |
| The $\qquad$ represents $\qquad$ <br> The value of $\qquad$ is $\qquad$ | hundredths by multiplying the denominator by $\qquad$ . | $\qquad$ million minus $\qquad$ <br> million is equal to $\qquad$ | If I multiply/divide one factor by $\qquad$ I must multiply the product by $\qquad$ | percentage to a fraction, first convert it to a fraction with a denominator of 100 . | $180^{\circ}$ so the missing angle is | The volume of a cuboid can be found by multiplying the length by the width by the height. |


| Reasoning STEMS | I can check my calculation by using the inverse with | I know___ so l could work out |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I know that I need to use ___ for this problem because ___ | I estimate the answer to be___ because I know ___ . | I know that this question will have a $\qquad$ answer because |

