## **Year Four STEM Sentences**

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Number and Place Value [NPV]	Number Facts [NF]	Addition and Subtraction [AS]	Multiplication and Division [MD]	Fractions [F]	Geometry [G]	Measurement [M]
One part is The other part is The whole is	timesis equal to	The calculation tells me I need to add/subtract the numbers.	When zerois a factor, the product is zero.			
The digit has a value of thousands The whole is and the	One tenth can be written as 0.1, so tenths can	If the column totalis equal to ten or more we must regroup.	For every group of one twelve, there are two groups of six.	The line is divided into equal parts. This allows us to count in	The perimeter of a square is four times the length of	One centimetre is one hundredth of a metre, so we can write one centimetre as zero-point-
There are ten hundreds in	If I know then I know	Whole minus/subtract a part is equal to the difference.	All multiple oftens have a ones digit of zero.	The denominator is This means that the whole has been split into	one of the sides. To find the area of a rectangle, multiply the	zero-one. Ten centimetres is one tenth of a metre so we can
I can partition into hundreds tens	is the previous whole number is the next whole number.	I will regroup one hundred for ten tens. plus is equal	of There are groups and a remainder of	equal parts. When a whole number is multiplied by a unit	length by the width. The distance around the edge of the is its	write ten centimetres as zero-point one. Ten groups of ten pence is
is between and and	One thousand more/less than is	to thousand add thousand is equal to	Products in the time table are also in the time table.	fraction, it makes the whole number smaller. The parts are and	perimeter. If two lines never meet it is called a parallel line.	equal to one pound, so ten pence is one tenth of a pound.
The previous multiple of one thousand is The next multiple of one	we can exchange one thousand for ten hundreds. If the hundreds digit is four	When we subtract, we start with the whole	The remainder is always less than the divisor.	. The total or whole is 	Ahassides and vertices.	One hundred groups of one penny is equal to one pound, so one penny is one hundredth of a pound.
thousand is The whole is divided into one hundred equal parts;	or less we round down. If the hundreds digit is five or more we round up.	tenths/hundredths plus tenths/hundredths is equal to	When we divide, the whole is known and the number or parts or the value of the parts is also known.	with the same denominator, the greater the numerator, the greater the fraction.	A has faces, edges and vertices.	Ten groups of one penny is equal to ten pence, so one penny is one tenth of ten
hundredths. is greater than/less than/equal to	but I think and tenth(s).	tenths/hundredths minus tenths/hundredths is equal	All multiples of one hundred have both a tens and ones digit of zero.			pence.

Reasoning STEMS	It's possible if	I solved this problem by
The calculation which represents this is	It is simpler if we	This is the same because This is different because